Convolution

$$f(t) * g(t) = \int_0^t f(t-\tau)g(\tau)d\tau$$

- 1. (a) What is the differential operator p(D) whose weight function (i.e. unit impulse response) is the unit step function u(t)? Verify that u(t) * q(t) is the solution to p(D)x = q(t) with rest initial conditions.
 - (b) What is the differential operator p(D) whose weight function (i.e. unit impulse response) is u(t)t? Verify that $t * t^n$ is the solution to $p(D)x = t^n$ with rest initial conditions.
- 2. Solve $x' + x = u(t)(1 + \cos t)$ with rest initial conditions by computing the convolution product $w(t) * (1 + \cos t)$, where w(t) is the unit impulse response of the operator D + I. Use the integral definition of convolution.
- 3. Now $p(D) = a_n D^n + \dots + a_1 D + a_0 I$.
 - (a) Suppose $a \ge 0$. Figure out what $w(t) * \delta(t-a)$ is by using the fact that is the solution to the equation $p(D)x = \delta(t-a)$ with rest initial conditions.
 - (b) Then figure out what $w(t) * \delta(t-a)$ is by using the integral definition of convolution.