

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum_{p \in A_{N,a}} \frac{1}{p^s} + O(1) &= \sum_{p,m} \frac{\chi_{N,a}(p^m)}{m p^{ms}} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\varphi(N)} \sum_{\substack{\chi \in (\mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z})^\times \\ \chi \neq \chi_0}} \overline{\chi(a)} \sum_{p,m} \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{\chi(p)}{p^s} \right)^m \\
 &= \frac{1}{\varphi(N)} \left[\sum_{p,m} \frac{1}{m} \left(\frac{\chi_0(p)}{p^s} \right)^m + \sum_{\substack{\chi \neq \chi_0 \\ \chi \in (\mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z})^\times}} \overline{\chi(a)} \left(\sum_p -\ln \left(1 - \frac{\chi(p)}{p^s} \right) \right) \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

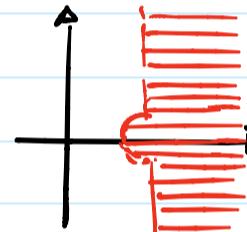
$$\cdot e^{\sum_p -\ln \left(1 - \frac{\chi(p)}{p^s} \right)} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\chi(n)}{n^s} =: L(\chi, s)$$

• $L(\chi, s)$ is holomorphic on $\operatorname{Re}(s) > 0$.

• Suppose $L(\chi, 1) \neq 0$.

$\Rightarrow \exists$ a holomorphic function $\ell(\chi, s)$ on

$$\text{s.t. } e^{\ell(\chi, s)} = L(\chi, s)$$



$$\text{In particular, } \ell(\chi, s) = \sum_p -\ln \left(1 - \frac{\chi(p)}{p^s} \right) + 2\pi i \cdot n_\chi.$$

$$\text{So } \sum_{p \in A_{N,a}} \frac{1}{p^s} + O(1) = \frac{1}{\varphi(N)} \sum_p \frac{1}{p^s} + \frac{1}{\varphi(N)} \sum_{\substack{\chi \neq \chi_0 \\ \chi \in (\mathbb{Z}/N\mathbb{Z})^\times}} \overline{\chi(a)} \ell(\chi, s).$$

By Euler we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sum_p \frac{1}{p^s} + O(1) &= \zeta(s) \Rightarrow \lim_{s \rightarrow 1^+} \sum_p \frac{1}{p^s} = \infty \Rightarrow \\
 \lim_{s \rightarrow 1^+} \ell(\chi, s) &= \ell(\chi, 1) < \infty
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{s \rightarrow 1^+} \sum_{p \in A_{N,a}} \frac{1}{p^s} = \infty.$$

• To show the non-vanishing:

$$\zeta_N(s) := \prod_{\chi} L(\chi, s)$$

$$(\chi_C)^{-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{For } \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1, \quad \zeta_N(s) &= \prod_p \prod_{\chi} \left(1 - \frac{\chi(p)}{p^s}\right)^{-1} \\
 &= \prod_{p \nmid N} \left(1 - \frac{1}{p^{\frac{\varphi(N)}{\varphi(p)} s}}\right)^{-1} \\
 \Rightarrow \zeta_N(s) &= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_n}{n^s} \quad \text{for some } a_n \in \mathbb{Z}^{\geq 0} \text{ and } \operatorname{Re}(s) > 1.
 \end{aligned}$$

- Then we showed that if $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_n}{n^s}$ has a holomorphic extension to $\operatorname{Re}(s) > \alpha$ and $a_n \geq 0$, then $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{a_n}{n^{\alpha}} < \infty$ (Landau Theorem)
- Observed that $\zeta_N(\frac{1}{\varphi(N)}) = \infty$ to get a contradiction.