

Math 210B, Winter 2010
Homework Assignment 4
Due Wednesday, March 10, 2010

1. Prove that the Laplacian operator in polar coordinates (r, θ) is given by

$$\Delta u = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta^2}.$$

2. Let k and L be positive constants. Solve the initial-boundary-value problem

$$\begin{aligned} u_t &= k u_{xx} && \text{for } 0 < x < L, t > 0, \\ u(0, t) &= 0 \text{ and } u(L, t) = 0 && \text{for } t > 0, \\ u(x, 0) &= \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } 0 < x \leq L/2, \\ 2 & \text{if } L/2 < x < L. \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

3. Let k and L be positive constants. Solve the initial-boundary-value problem

$$\begin{aligned} u_t &= k u_{xx} && \text{for } 0 < x < L, t > 0, \\ u_x(0, t) &= 0 \text{ and } u_x(L, t) = 0 && \text{for } t > 0, \\ u(x, 0) &= 6 + 4 \cos \left(\frac{3\pi x}{L} \right) && \text{for } 0 < x < L. \end{aligned}$$

4. Solve Laplace's equation on $(0, 1) \times (0, 1)$ with the boundary conditions:

$$u_x(0, y) = 0, \quad u_x(1, y) = 0, \quad u(x, 0) = 0, \quad u(x, 1) = f(x),$$

where $f(x)$ ($0 \leq x \leq 1$) is a known continuous function.

5. Prove the uniqueness of solution to Poisson's equation $\Delta u = f$ in a smooth bounded domain D with the Robin boundary condition $\partial_n u(x) + a(x)u(x) = 0$ ($x \in \partial D$), where f is a given function on D and $a = a(x)$ is a smooth function such that $a(x) > 0$ for all $x \in \partial D$.
6. Prove Dirichlet's principle for the Neumann boundary condition: among all real-valued functions $v = v(x)$ on a smooth bounded domain D , the value

$$I[v] = \int_D \frac{1}{2} |\nabla v|^2 dV - \int_{\partial D} h v dS$$

is smallest for $v = u$, where u is the solution of the Neumann problem

$$\Delta u = 0 \quad \text{in } D, \quad \frac{\partial u}{\partial n} = h \quad \text{on } \partial D,$$

and h is a given bounded continuous function on ∂D .