

Math 210C: Mathematical Methods in Physical Sciences and Engineering
Spring quarter, 2018

Homework Assignment 1

Due Monday, April 9, 2018

- For each of the followings partial differential equations (PDEs), find out its order and determine if it is a linear equation:
 - $u_x + uu_y = 0$ with $u = u(x, y)$;
 - $u_t - \Delta u = u(u - 1/2)(u - 1)$ with $u = u(x, t)$ and $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$;
 - $\Delta u = \sin |x|$ with $u = u(x)$ and $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$;
 - $\Delta u - \sinh u = 0$ with $u = u(x, y, z)$;
 - $u_{tt} - \Delta u + \Delta^2 u = 0$ with $u = u(x, t)$ and $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$.
- Let $u \in C^2(\mathbb{R}^n)$. Prove that $\nabla \cdot \nabla u = \Delta u$.
- Let $\Omega = (0, 1) \times (0, 1)$. Show that there exists no $u \in C^2(\overline{\Omega})$ such that $\Delta u = 1$ in Ω and $u = 0$ on $\partial\Omega$.
- Verify that $u_n(x, y) = \sin(nx) \sinh(ny)$ is a solution to $\Delta u = 0$ for any $n > 0$.
- Let $u = u(x, y)$. Solve $u_x x + u = 0$.
- Let $u = u(x, y)$ and solve the equation $3u_y + u_{xy} = 0$.
- Let $u = u(x, y)$. Find the general solution to the equation $u_x + 2xy^2 u_y = 0$.
- Let $u = u(x, y)$. Solve the equation $\sqrt{1 - x^2} u_x + u_y = 0$ with $u(0, y) = e^{-y^2}$.