Math 210C: Mathematical Methods in Physical Sciences and Engineering Spring quarter, 2018 Homework Assignment 2 Due Wednesday, April 18, 2018

1. Consider the initial-value problem

$$\begin{cases} u_x + yu_y = 0 & \text{for } x, y \in \mathbb{R}, \\ u(x, 0) = \phi(x) & \text{for } x \in \mathbb{R}. \end{cases}$$

Prove the following:

- (1) If $\phi(x) = x$ ($x \in \mathbb{R}$) then this initial-value problem does not have a solution;
- (2) If $\phi(x) = 1$ ($x \in \mathbb{R}$) then this initial-value problem has many solutions.
- 2. Solve the following Cauchy problems of first-order equations:
 - (1) $u_x + xu_y u_z = u$ and u(x, y, 1) = x + y;
 - (2) $uu_x + yu_y = x$ and u(x, 1) = 2x.
- 3. Classify each of the following second-order equations into elliptic, hyperbolic, or parabolic equations:
 - (1) $2u_{xx} 6u_{xy} + 3u_{yy} = 0;$
 - (2) $u_{xx} 4u_{xy} + 4u_{yy} = 0;$
 - (3) $2u_{xx} u_{xy} + 3u_{yy} = 0.$
- 4. Find infinitely many solutions of the form u(x, y) = f(x) + g(y) to the boundary-value problem: $\Delta u = 0$ on the upper half plane $\{(x, y) : y > 0\}$ and the boundary condition $u(x, 0) = 1 \ (-\infty < x < \infty).$
- 5. Let a and b be two positive numbers with a < b. Solve Poisson's equation $\Delta u = 1$ in a < r < b with the boundary condition u = 0 on the circles r = a and r = b, where $r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$.
- 6. Solve the one-dimensional eigenvalue problem $-u'' = \lambda u$ on (0, L) and u'(0) = u'(L) = 0 for some given L > 0.
- 7. Use the method of separation of variables to solve the following boundary-value problem of Laplace's equation:

$$\begin{cases} u_{xx} + u_{yy} = 0 & \text{for } 0 < x < \pi, 0 < y < \pi, \\ u_x(0, y) = 0 \text{ and } u_x(\pi, y) = 0 & \text{for } 0 < y < \pi, \\ u(x, 0) = 0 \text{ and } u(x, \pi) = g(x) & \text{for } 0 < x < \pi, \end{cases}$$

where g(x) is a given, continuous function on $[0, \pi]$.