MATH 109, MATHEMATICAL REASONING, MIDTERM EXAM NUMBER 2

Monday, February 24th, 2020, 11-11:50am, Peterson Hall 104

- Your Name:
- ID Number:
- Section:

C01 (4:00 PM) C02 (5:00 PM)

| Problem $\#$ | Points (out of 10) |
|--------------|--------------------|
| 1 | |
| 2 | |
| 3 | |
| 4 | |
| 5 | |

Total (out of 50):

Problem 1. Define a relation \sim on the set of real numbers $\mathbb R$ by declaring that

$$a \sim b \iff a - b \in \mathbb{Z}.$$

(Here $\mathbb{Z} = \{0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \ldots\}$ is the set of all integers.)

- (a) Show that \sim is an **equivalence** relation on \mathbb{R} .
- (b) List all x in the range 0 < x < 3 belonging to the equivalence class of $\sqrt{2}$.

Problem 2. In this problem [3] denotes the residue class of 3 modulo 7.

- (a) Give the integer r in the range $0 \le r < 7$ satisfying $r \equiv 100 \pmod{7}$.
- (b) List all elements of [3] belonging to the open interval (-20, 20).
- (c) Give an $x \in [3]$ such that $x^2 \in [3]$ or disprove the existence of such an x.

Problem 3. Define a function $f : \{1, 2, 3, 4\} \longrightarrow \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ as follows:

f(1) = 4 f(2) = 1 f(3) = 3 f(4) = 4.

- (a) Is f surjective or injective? (Give a thorough explanation.)
- (b) Calculate the value $(f \circ f)(2)$.
- (c) List all elements of the two subsets $f(\{1,2\})$ and $f^{-1}(\{3,4\})$.

Problem 4.

- (a) Suppose you are given 11 positive integers. Explain why at least two of them must have the same last digit.
- (b) Suppose you are given 5 points in a disk of radius 1. Explain why at least two of them are within a distance $\sqrt{2}$ of each other.

Problem 5. Let $x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_n, \ldots$ be a sequence of real numbers converging to a number $x \in \mathbb{R}$.

- (a) Prove that the sequence is bounded¹.
- (b) Give an example of a bounded sequence which is not convergent.

¹This means there is a constant $\overline{B} > 0$ such that $|x_n| < B$ for all $n \in \mathbb{N}$.