PRACTICE PROBLEMS FOR THE FIRST MIDTERM

- 1. Give the definition of:
 - (i) a group.
- (ii) an abelian group.
- (iii) the order of a group.
- (iv) a subgroup.
- (v) a proper subgroup.
- (vi) closed under multiplicaton.
- (vii) closed under inverses.
- (viii) an equivalence relation.
- (ix) an equivalence class.
- (x) a partition.
- (xi) a left coset.
- (xii) the index of a subgroup.
- (xiii) the subgoup generated by a subset S.
- (xiv) a finitely generated group.
- (xv) a cyclic group.

2. Show that a subset H of a group G is a subgroup if and only if H is non-empty, closed under multiplication and closed under inverses.

3. Let G be a group and let H and K be two subgroups.

(i) Show that the intersection $H \cap K$ is a subgroup.

(ii) Is the union $H \cup K$ a subgroup?

4. Give a description of the symmetry group of the square D_4 and find all of its subgroups. Pick one subgroup of each order and find its left cosets.

- 5. Prove Lagrange's Theorem.
- 6. Show that every group of order a prime is abelian.