PRACTICE PROBLEMS FOR THE FIRST MIDTERM

- 1. Give the definition of:
 - (i) a ring.
 - (ii) a commutative ring.
- (iii) a zero divisor.
- (iv) an integral domain.
- (v) the characteristic of a ring.
- (vi) an ideal.
- (vii) the quotient of a ring by an ideal.
- (viii) a prime ideal.
- (ix) a maximal ideal.
- (x) the field of fractions of an integral domain.
- 2. Let R be a commutative ring and let a be an element of R. Prove that the set

$$\{ ra \mid r \in R \}$$

is an ideal of R.

- 3. Show that a commutative ring R is a field if and only if the only ideals in R are the zero-ideal $\{0\}$ and the whole ring R.
- 4. Let R be an integral domain and let I be an ideal. Show that R/I is a field if and only if I is a maximal ideal.
- 5. (i) Let R be an integral domain. If ab = ac, for $a \neq 0$, $b, c \in R$, then show that b = c.
- (ii) Show that every finite integral domain is a field.
- 6. If

$$I_1 \subset I_2 \subset I_3 \subset \cdots \subset I_n \subset \cdots$$

is an ascending sequence of ideals in a ring R then the union I is an ideal.

- 7. Let R be a ring and let $S = M_{2,2}(R)$ be the ring of all 2×2 matrices with entries in R. If I is an ideal of S then show that there is an ideal J of R such that I consists of all 2×2 matrices with entries in J.
- 8. Let m and n be coprime integers. Prove that

$$\mathbb{Z}_{mn} \simeq \mathbb{Z}_m \oplus \mathbb{Z}_n$$
.

9. Construct a field with nine elements.