

MATH 170B ASSIGNMENT 5

§6.5, 1: Verify this formula for  $B_j^2(t_i)$ ,

$$B_j^2(t_i) = \left( \frac{t_i - t_{i-1}}{t_{i+1} - t_{i-1}} \right) \delta_{i,j+1} + \left( \frac{t_{i+1} - t_i}{t_{i+1} - t_{i-1}} \right) \delta_{i,j+2}$$

§6.5, 3: Let  $h_i = t_{i+1} - t_i$ . Show that if

$$c_{i-1}h_{i-1} + c_{i-2}h_i = y_i(h_i + h_{i-1})$$

then the spline function  $S = \sum_{i=-\infty}^{\infty} c_i B_i^2$  will have the interpolatory property  $S(t_j) = y_j$  for all  $j$ .

§6.5, 7: Prove that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} B_i^k(x) dx = \frac{t_{i+k+1} - t_i}{k+1}$$

§6.6, 8: Prove that if  $S = \sum_{j=-\infty}^{\infty} c_j B_j^3$ , then  $S'' = \sum_{j=-\infty}^{\infty} e_j B_j^1$  with

$$e_j = \frac{6}{t_{j+2} - t_j} \left( \frac{c_j - c_{j-1}}{t_{j+3} - t_j} - \frac{c_{j-1} - c_{j-2}}{t_{j+2} - t_{j-1}} \right)$$

§6.6, 9: (Continuation) Prove that if  $S = \sum_{j=-\infty}^{\infty} c_j B_j^3$ , then  $S''(t_i) = e_{i-1}$ , where  $e_j$  is defined in the previous problem.

§6.5, 2 (Computer problem): Let knots  $t_1, t_2, \dots, t_{n+k+1}$  be specified, as well as  $n$  and  $k$ . Let coefficients  $c_1, c_2, \dots, c_n$  be given, and write  $f(x) = \sum_{i=1}^n c_i B_i^k(x)$ . Write a subroutine that gives the value of  $f(x)$  for any real value of  $x$ . Hint: Review the lemma on the recurrence relation for B-splines, and the associated numerical procedure and algorithm.