

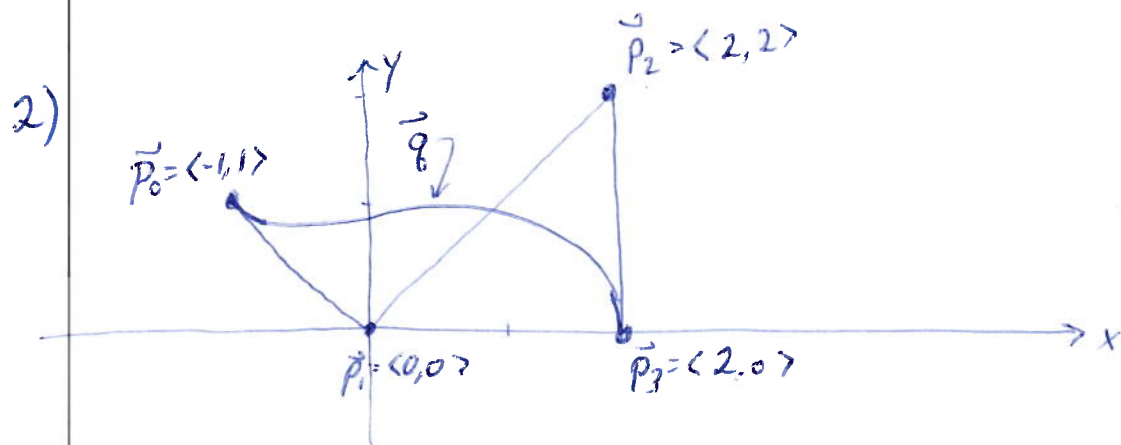
Homework 7 answers: 155A - Winter 2020

1) Red is: Magenta + Yellow

Black is: Cyan, Magenta + Yellow

Magenta is: Blue + Red

White is: Red + Green + Blue



$$\vec{q}(0) = \langle -1, 1 \rangle$$

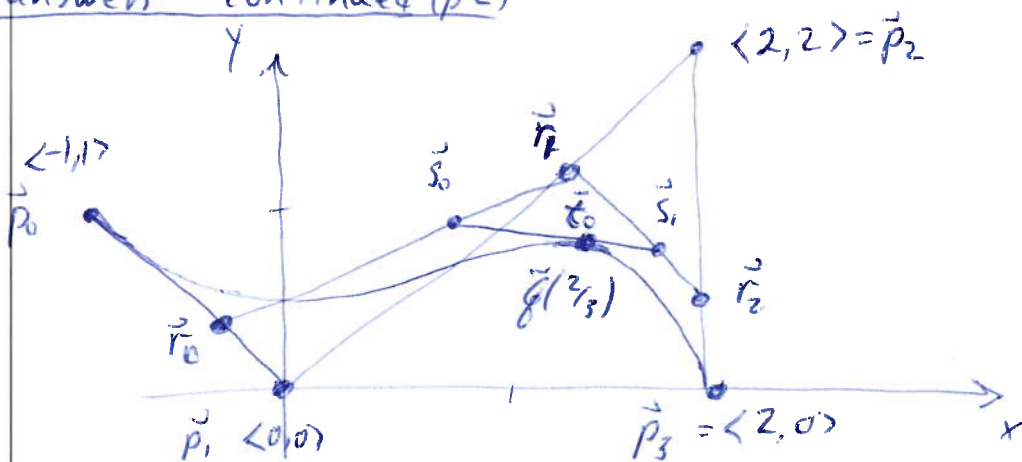
$$\vec{q}(1) = \langle 2, 0 \rangle$$

$$\vec{q}'(0) = 3(\vec{p}_1 - \vec{p}_0) = \langle 3, -3 \rangle$$

$$\vec{q}'(1) = 3(\vec{p}_3 - \vec{p}_2) = \langle 0, -6 \rangle$$

HW7 answers - continued (p2)

3)



$$\vec{r}_0 = \text{lerp}(\vec{p}_0, \vec{p}_1, 2/3) = \langle -1/3, 1/3 \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}_1 = \text{lerp}(\vec{p}_1, \vec{p}_2, 2/3) = \langle 4/3, 4/3 \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}_2 = \text{lerp}(\vec{p}_2, \vec{p}_3, 4/3) = \langle 2, 2/3 \rangle$$

$$\vec{s}_0 = \text{lerp}(\vec{r}_0, \vec{r}_1, 2/3) = \langle 7/9, 1 \rangle$$

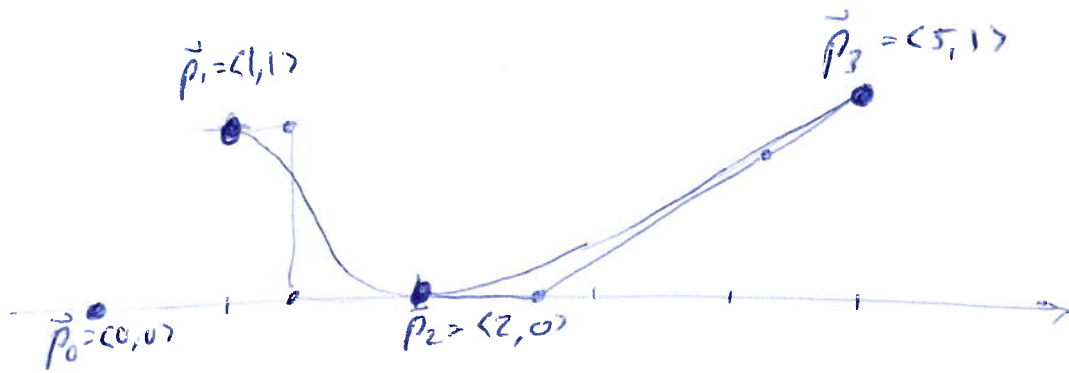
$$\vec{s}_1 = \text{lerp}(\vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2, 2/3) = \langle \frac{16}{9}, \frac{8}{9} \rangle = \langle 1\frac{7}{9}, \frac{8}{9} \rangle$$

$$\vec{t}_0 = \text{lerp}(\vec{s}_0, \vec{s}_1, 2/3) = \langle \frac{39}{27}, \frac{25}{27} \rangle = \langle \frac{13}{9}, \frac{25}{27} \rangle = \langle 1\frac{4}{9}, \frac{25}{27} \rangle$$

Homework 7 answers - continued (p 3)

$\bullet p_4 = \langle 6, 2 \rangle$

4)



$$\vec{g}'(0) = \langle 1, 0 \rangle$$

$$\vec{g}(0) = P_0 = \langle 0, 0 \rangle$$

$$\vec{g}'(1) = \langle 2, 0 \rangle$$

$$\vec{g}(1) = \langle 1, 1 \rangle$$

$$\vec{g}'(2) = \langle 2, 1 \rangle$$

$$\vec{g}(2) = \langle 2, 0 \rangle$$

First piece has control points

$$\vec{P}_1, \vec{P}_1 + \frac{1}{3} \langle 1, 0 \rangle, \vec{P}_2 - \frac{1}{3} \langle 2, 0 \rangle, \vec{P}_2$$

namely:  $\langle 1, 1 \rangle, \langle \frac{4}{3}, 1 \rangle, \langle \frac{4}{3}, 0 \rangle, \langle 2, 0 \rangle$

Second piece has control points

$$\vec{P}_2, \vec{P}_2 + \frac{1}{3} \langle 2, 0 \rangle, \vec{P}_3 - \frac{1}{3} \langle 2, 1 \rangle, \vec{P}_3$$

namely

$$\langle 2, 0 \rangle, \langle \frac{5}{3}, 0 \rangle, \langle 4\frac{1}{3}, \frac{2}{3} \rangle, \langle 5, 1 \rangle$$

HW 7 - continued, (p. 4)

5) Many possible answers. Two examples.

(a)  $\vec{q}$  has control points

$$\langle -3, 0 \rangle, \langle -2, 0 \rangle, \langle -1, 0 \rangle, \langle 0, 0 \rangle$$

and  $\vec{r}$  has control points

$$\langle 0, 0 \rangle, \langle \frac{1}{2}, 0 \rangle, \langle 2, 0 \rangle, \langle 3, 0 \rangle.$$

(b)  $\vec{q}$  has control points

$$\langle -2, 0 \rangle, \langle -1, 0 \rangle, \langle 0, 0 \rangle, \langle 0, 0 \rangle$$

and  $\vec{r}$  has control points

$$\langle 0, 0 \rangle, \langle 0, 0 \rangle, \langle 0, 1 \rangle, \langle 0, 2 \rangle.$$