

Math260 - Introduction to Mathematical Logic

Fall 2007 – Winter 2008

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Homework #2. Due Thursday, October 18, 2007.

1. Show that the following are derived rules for natural deduction:

$$\frac{\neg\varphi}{\neg(\varphi \wedge \psi)} \qquad \frac{\neg\psi}{\neg(\varphi \wedge \psi)} \qquad \frac{\neg\varphi \quad \neg\psi}{\neg(\varphi \vee \psi)}$$

2. Same as problem #1. But skip any that were done during class lecture.

$$\frac{\psi}{\varphi \rightarrow \psi} \qquad \frac{\neg\varphi}{\varphi \rightarrow \psi} \qquad \frac{\varphi \quad \neg\psi}{\neg(\varphi \rightarrow \psi)}$$

3. Give natural deduction proofs of the following formulas.

- $\varphi \wedge \neg\varphi \rightarrow \perp$.
- $\neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q) \rightarrow p \vee q$.
- $p \vee q \rightarrow \neg(\neg p \wedge \neg q)$.
- $(\neg q \rightarrow \neg p) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$.

4. Prove the following by giving explicit natural deduction proofs.

- $p \wedge (q \vee r) \vdash (p \wedge q) \vee (p \wedge r)$.
- $(p \wedge q) \vee (p \wedge r) \vdash p \wedge (q \vee r)$.
- $p \vee (q \vee r) \vdash (p \vee q) \vee r$.

5. Let ν be a truth assignment. Let φ be a formula containing only the variables p_1, \dots, p_n . For a variable p_i , let p_i^ν be p_i if $\nu(p_i) = T$ and be $\neg p_i$ if $\nu(p_i) = F$. Define φ^ν similarly to be either φ or $\neg\varphi$. Prove that $p_1^\nu, \dots, p_n^\nu \vdash \varphi^\nu$. [Hint: Use induction on the complexity of φ , and properties like the ones in problems #1 and #2.]

6. (Alternate proof of the finite version of the completeness theorem.) Suppose $\models \varphi$. Use the following suggestion to prove $\vdash \varphi$.

Suggestion: Using the property in problem #5 as the base case, prove that $p_1^\nu, \dots, p_k^\nu \vdash \varphi^\nu$ using induction on k , with k varying from n down to 0. This is somewhat like exhaustively searching a truth table for φ .