



Figure XII.2: Lerping moves from  $1$  to  $i$  at a constant rate along the secant line. Slerping moves from  $1$  to  $i$  at a constant rate along the great circle. The points drawn on the secant line and on the great circle are obtained by lerping and slerping with  $\alpha = \frac{1}{3}$ . They do not correspond to the same rotation.