



Figure IV.7: The point $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{u}(\alpha, \beta)$ is formed by bilinear interpolation with the scalar coordinates α and β . The points \mathbf{a}_1 and \mathbf{a}_2 are obtained by interpolating with α , and \mathbf{b}_1 and \mathbf{b}_2 are obtained by interpolating with β .