

The asymptotics of $r(4, t)$

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Abstract

For integers $s, t \geq 2$, the Ramsey number $r(s, t)$ denotes the minimum n such that every n -vertex graph contains a clique of order s or an independent set of order t . We prove that

$$r(4, t) = \Omega\left(\frac{t^3}{\log^4 t}\right) \quad \text{as } t \rightarrow \infty$$

which determines $r(4, t)$ up to a factor of order $\log^2 t$, and solves a conjecture of Erdős.

This is a joint work with Sam Mattheus (Accepted in the Annals of Mathematics).