

$\mathbb{C} \rightarrow X_1 \rightarrow X_0 \rightarrow X_{-1} \rightarrow \dots$

Not UFC
Not UCT
Not tmf
Not MMA

\mathbb{Z}
mu
Sp^{z^{op}}

$\pi_*, *$

M M f

(\mathbb{C} -motivic modular forms)

$E_2^{j,t,w}(X)$

~~$A^1 - 0$~~

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Plan for today:

Purpose: • Overview of Ghearghe-Isaksen-Krause-Ricka
arXiv: 1810.11050

- Learn something
- Add characters to our story of motivic homotopy
- Not go too into detail, give sketches and ideas. Sometimes very loose.

Successful: • You can tell me why this seems cool
Outcome (or at least interesting/an endeavor that makes sense)

- I get at least 1 question
- No one leaves the talk if I joke about MMA

Organization:

Introduction: • Origin story of our mmf
fighter

Rising action: • det-0-categories, functors, A , oh my!
• tmf (not TMZ) shows up

Climax: • homotopy type of Γ modules?

Falling Action: directions the authors point mmf to

Origin Story

We love $\pi_*^{st} S^0$.

The spectrum tmf carries a lot of info about $\pi_*^{st} S^0$.

- elements of $\pi_*^{st} S^0$ which come from tmf are well-understood
- elements of $\pi_*^{st} S^0$ which ^{don't} come from tmf are ^{not} well-understood
- differentials of ASS/ANSS which come from tmf are well-understood
- differentials of ASS/ANSS which ^{don't} come from tmf are ^{not} well-understood

Origin Story

working over \mathbb{C}

$$\pi_*^{st} S^0$$

We love $\pi_{*,*}^{st, mot} S_{0,0}$.

motivic cohomology $\begin{cases} H^* \\ K^* \\ \mathbb{C}_* \otimes \mathbb{Z} \end{cases}$

Is there an motivic modular forms spectrum which gives a lot of info about $\pi_{*,*}^{st, mot} S_{0,0}$?

First guess: Same approach as tmf.

Requirements: Understand - motivic elliptic cohomology
- moduli spaces of E_∞ structures

Any other guesses?

Can we keep it in Topology-Land?

Answer: \mathbb{C} -motivic modular forms
by GIKR.

No smooth schemes, No affine lines, No \mathbb{A}^1 -0

But How??

Wait and see...

Rising action Categories, Functors, Algebras etc. my!

S_p is the category of 2-complex spectra.

$S_p^{z^{op}}$ is the category of filtered spectra

objects: $X_* = \dots \rightarrow X_1 \rightarrow X_0 \rightarrow X_{-1} \rightarrow \dots$

morphisms: $X_* \rightarrow Y_* = \{X_s \rightarrow Y_s \mid s \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ that are homotopically coherent

Facts about $S_p^{z^{op}}$

weak equivalences: $f: X_* \xrightarrow{w.e.} Y_*$ if $X_s \xrightarrow{w.e.} Y_s \forall s$.

symmetric monoidal: $(X_* \otimes Y_*)_s := \text{hocolim}_{i+j \geq s} X_i \wedge Y_j$

Define $S^{s,w} := \dots \rightarrow * \xrightarrow{w+2} * \xrightarrow{w+1} S^s \xrightarrow{w} S^s \xrightarrow{w-1} \dots$

suspensions: $S^{s,w} \otimes (-): S_p^{z^{op}} \rightarrow S_p^{z^{op}}$
 $X_* \mapsto S^{s,w} \otimes X_* =: \Sigma^{s,w} X_*$

Define $\pi_{s,w} X_* = [S^{s,w}, X_*]$

Lemma: $S_p^{z^{op}}$ is generated by $S^{0,w}$.

t-structure on S_p^{zop}

Prop The following gives S_p^{zop} a t-structure.

S_p^{zop} consists of $X_{\#}$ s.t. $\pi_{s,w} X_{\#} = 0$ for $s < 2w$
ie
 $\pi_s X_w = 0$

S_p^{zop} consists of $X_{\#}$ s.t. $\pi_{s,w} X_{\#} = 0$ for $s > 2w$

Lem + Cor S_p^{zop} is closed under Day convolution and hence $(\mathcal{T}_{\geq 0})_{\#}$ is lax symmetric monoidal.

Functors!

Let $MU^{\bullet+1} := (\Delta \xrightarrow{MU^{\bullet+1}} S_p)$ s.t. n^{th} term is MU^{n+1} and faces/degeneracies induced by mult on MU .

(used for MU -based ASS)

Def-o- $\Gamma_{\#}$

$$S_p \xrightarrow{\Gamma_{\#}} S_p^{zop}$$

$$X \longmapsto \Gamma_{\#} X = (\dots \rightarrow \text{Tot } \mathcal{T}_{\geq 2w}(X \wedge MU^{\bullet+1}) \rightarrow \dots)$$

w

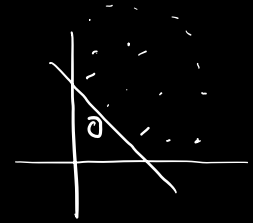
Prop on $\Gamma_{\#}$: $X \in Sp$ $w \in \mathbb{Z}^{op}$. \exists a S.S.

$$E_2^{s,f,w}(X) = \begin{cases} \text{Ext}_{\mu_+ \mu_-}^{s,f}(\mu_+ X, \mu_- X) & s+f \geq 2w \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

S.t

$$E_2^{s,f,w}(X) \Rightarrow \pi_{s,w} \Gamma_{\#} X$$

compatible w/ the Filtered spectrum structure.



Algebra

Theorem $\Gamma_{\#} S^0$ is an E_{∞} -ring object in $Sp^{\mathbb{Z}^{op}}$.

Prop $\Gamma_{\#}$ is lax symmetric monoidal

pf Composition of lax symmetric monoidal functors

pf lax symmetric monoidal functors preserve E_{∞} -ring objects.

- properties
- Γ_{Φ} is sometimes exact
 - $\text{Mod}_{\Gamma_{\Phi} S^0}$ is generated under localization by $\Sigma^{1, w} \Gamma_{\Phi} S^0$
 - $\Gamma_{\Phi} (\Sigma^{2k} X)$ w.e. $\Sigma^{2k, k} \Gamma_{\Phi} X$

Prof • if $X = \text{colim} (* \rightarrow X^{(1)} \rightarrow X^{(2)} \rightarrow \dots)$
 with cofibers $X^{(n)} \rightarrow X^{(n+1)} \rightarrow S^{2k_n}$ and
 $k_n \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} \infty$, and Y similar,
 then $\Gamma_{\Phi} (X) \wedge_{\Gamma_{\Phi} S^0} \Gamma_{\Phi} Y \rightarrow \Gamma_{\Phi} (X \wedge Y)$
 is an equivalence.

More Algebra:

$$\text{Let } A_{*, \Phi} := \pi_{*, \Phi} \left(\Gamma_{\Phi} \text{HF}_2 \wedge_{\Gamma_{\Phi} S^0} \Gamma_{\Phi} \text{HF}_2 \right)_{*, \Phi}$$

Theorem $A_{*, \Phi} \cong \frac{\mathbb{F}_2[\tau][\tau_0, \tau_1, \dots, \bar{\tau}_1, \bar{\tau}_2, \dots]}{\tau_i^2 + \tau \bar{\tau}_{i+1}}$

$$\deg(\tau) = (0, -1)$$

$$\deg(\bar{\tau}_i) = (2^{i+1} - 2, 2^i - 1)$$

$$\deg(\tau_i) = (2^{i+1} - 2, 2^i - 1)$$

w/ multiplication.

pt | They compute $H_{*, \Phi}(\Gamma_{\Phi} \text{BP}\langle n \rangle)$
 and plug in 0.

Recap so far

- We have a nice functor $\Gamma_\phi: Sp \rightarrow Sp^{Z^p}$ which gives nice homotopical properties like $\Gamma_\phi S^0$ is an E_∞ -ring object and we have t -structures.
 - We also can compute the Steenrod algebra which is nice to have.
 - Let's see what happens when we plug tmf in.
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Main $\Gamma_\phi tmf$ result

Theorem $H^{*,*}(\Gamma_\phi tmf) \cong A//A\langle 2 \rangle$

where A is the dual of $A_{+, \phi}$ and

$A\langle 2 \rangle$ is the dual of $A\langle 2 \rangle_{+, \phi} := A / \langle \beta_1^{24}, \beta_2^{2^2-2}, \dots, \beta_n^2, \tau_n^2 \rangle$.

- pf idea
- Make even cell complexes to use results from earlier
 - Use a relationship of massey operations
Cotiber w_1 with tmf and $BP\langle 2 \rangle$
 - calculate calculus calculus.

Takeaway of last result

$H^{*,*}(\Gamma_{\#} \text{tmt}) = A//A(2)$ is Very similar
to the fact that in 2-coderic spectra

$$H^*(\text{tmt}) = A//A(2).$$

So $\Gamma_{\#} \text{tmt}$ is like our mmt!

Comparison to \mathbb{C} -motivic homotopy theory

Theorem $S_{p\mathbb{C}}$ is equivalent to $\text{Mod}_{\Gamma_{\#} S^0}$

tiny proof sketch construct $\Omega_s^{0,*} : S_{p\mathbb{C}} \rightarrow \text{Mod}_{\Gamma_{\#} S^0}$
 where $F_s(X, Y) = \text{regular } \overset{\text{mapping}}{\text{spectra}} \text{ from motivic } X, Y$
 and $\Omega_s^{0,*}(X) := (\dots \rightarrow F_s(S^{0, \text{rel}}, X) \rightarrow F_s(S^{0, n}, X) \rightarrow \dots)$
 and it's adjoint, then show they are inverse equivalences. $- \otimes S^{0, n}$

Take aways

- Can do \mathbb{C} -motivic problems in $\Gamma_* S^0$ -module world!
 - Isaksen + IWX used \mathbb{C} -motivic to compute stable homotopy groups of spheres.
 - this work doesn't address the motivic world over a field of nonzero characteristic.
 - Maybe there is a topological basis also for \mathbb{R} -motivic spectra? Burklund-Singer "Galois..."
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Thank
YOU!